# Missouri Department of Natural Resources



#### PUBLIC NOTICE

DRAFT MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

DATE: August 27, 2004

In accordance with the state Clean Water Law, Chapter 644, RSMo, Clean Water Commission regulation 10 CSR 20-6.010, and the federal Clean Water Act, the applicants listed herein have applied for authorization to either discharge to waters of the state or to operate a no-discharge wastewater treatment facility. The proposed permits for these operations are consistent with applicable water quality standards, effluent standards and/or treatment requirements or suitable timetables to meet these requirements (see 10 CSR 20-7.015 and 7.031). All permits will be issued for a period of five years, unless noted otherwise in the Public Notice for that discharge.

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR), as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

Persons wishing to comment on the proposed permit conditions are invited to submit them in writing to the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102, ATTN: Peter Goode, P.E., Chief, NPDES Permits and Engineering Section. Please include the permit number in all comment letters.

Comments should be confined to the issues relating to the proposed action and permit(s) and the effect on water quality. The MDNR may not consider as relevant comments or objections to a permit based on issues outside the authority of the Clean Water Commission, (see  $\underline{\text{Curdt v. Mo. Clean Water Commission}}$ , 586 S.W.2d 58 Mo. App. 1979).

All comments must be postmarked by September 27, 2004 or received in our office by 5:00 p.m. on September 30, 2004. The requirement of a signed document makes it impossible to accept email comments for consideration at this time. Comments will be considered in the formulation of all final determinations regarding the applications. If response to this notice indicates significant public interest, a public meeting or hearing may be held after due notice for the purpose of receiving public comment on the proposed permit or determination. Public hearings and/or issuance of the permit will be conducted or processed according to 10 CSR 20-6.020.

Copies of all draft permits and other information including copies of applicable regulations are available for inspection and copying at DNR's website, <a href="http://www.dnr.state.mo.us/wpscd/wpcp/homewpcp.htm">http://www.dnr.state.mo.us/wpscd/wpcp/homewpcp.htm</a>, or at the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, 205 Jefferson Street, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Public Notice Date: August 27,	2004
Permit Number: MO-0118745	
Northeast Regional Office	

FACILITY NAME AND ADDRESS	NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER
PSF, Badger/Wolf/Brantley Farms	Premium Standard Farms, Inc.
Hwy O	Route 2, Hwy 65N
Newtown, MO 64667	Princeton, MO 64673

#### WATERSHED & LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Little Medicine and East Fork Medicine Creeks

Land application and production sites located in all or parts of the following sections: Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, T64N, R22W, Mercer County Sections 8, 16, 17, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, T65N, R22W, Mercer County Sections 23, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35, 36, T65N, R22W, Putnam County Section 12, T64N, R23W, Mercer County

#### TYPE OF OPERATION - FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Public Notice to modify the existing permit to add additional available acres for land application.

Outfalls #001 - #029 - Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation - SIC #0213

No Discharge of process waste.

Nineteen anaerobic lagoons/secondary containment structures/wastewater irrigation/storm water runoff/dead animal disposal/domestic wastewater hauled to Peach Perkins. Design population equivalent is 261,161.

Design flow is 93,828,725 gallons per year.

Design number of animals is 29,375 sows/1300 boars/80,520 pigs over 55 pounds/4,416 finish hogs.

Animal Units (AU) is 46,244 (Class IA).

Number of stream monitoring locations is 2.

Number of storm water monitoring locations is 3.

#### Number of acres available for Land Application:

Owned by Permittee	Lease Agreements	Total Acres
3,627.2	2,292.4	5,919.6

This public notice is to accept comments on addition of available acres for land application. There will be no increase in animal numbers. Forty-two stream locations in the land application areas of Premium Standard Farms (PSF) have been selected for monthly monitoring. The monthly monitoring of the streams will enable the department to determine the impact, if any, of land application of process waste in the five county area of the PSF operations. Two of the stream locations have been assigned to this permit.

# STATE OF MISSOURI

# DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



In compliance with the Missouri Clea (ater V, April 2015). Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-) as amended,

Permit No.

Owner: Premium Standard Farms, Inc. (PSF)

Address: Route 2, Highway 65 North, Princeton, MO 64673

18745

Continuing Authority: Same as above Address: Same as above

Facility Name: PSF, Badger/Wolf/Brantley Farms Address: Highway O, Newtown, MO 64667

Legal Description: See pages 2-7
Latitude/Longitude: See pages 2-7

Receiving Stream: Little Medicine Creek (U), East Fork Medicine Creek (U)

First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) (00623)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10280103-041000)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

Water quality standards do not have to be exceeded to determine the unauthorized discharge of processed waste as defined in special condition 2(b). Operation of this facility shall not cause a violation of water quality standards. Land application fields include all company owned land where land application occurs and all non-company owned land where spreading agreements allow land application. These provisions apply to all the company's regulated activities.

# **FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

 $\underline{\text{Outfalls } \#001 - \#029}$  - Animal Waste - SIC #0213

Nineteen anaerobic lagoons/secondary containment structures/wastewater irrigation/storm water runoff/dead animal disposal/domestic wastewater hauled to Peach Perkins.

Design population equivalent is 261,161.

Design flow is 93,828,725 gallons per year. (0.26 mgd)

Design number of animals is 29,375 sows/1300 boars/80,520 nursery pigs over 55 pounds/4,416 finishing hogs (46,244 total animal units).

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

Effective Date	Stephen M. Mahfood, Director, Department of Natural Resources Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission
Expiration Date MO 780-0041 (10-93)	Jim Hull, Director of Staff, Clean Water Commission

Total Number of Acres Available for Land Application:

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Land Owned
                                   Non-owned Land with
                                                            Total
                    by Permittee
Percent Slope
                                   Spreading Agreements
                                                            Acres
                    1197.0
                                    1242.0
0-10%
                                                            2439.0
10-20%
                    2430.2
                                    1050.4
                                                            3480.6
                                                            5919.6
TOTAL
                    3627.2
                                    2292.4
Outfall #001 - Wolf #1 - Anaerobic
                                   Lagd
                                             CO
                                                             ent Structure
                                                     R22W, Mercer County
Legal Description: NE 4, SE 1
                                      Se
Lat/Long: +4024010/-09323505
                                                    ek (P) 00623
First Classified Stream
                                     /e M
USGS Basin & Sub-wateh
                                            ers, 975 gest. sows, 2640 nursery pigs.
Design Number of Anima
Design Waste Volume: 3,
                                        per year.
Design Storage: 365 days
                              \star below overflow level.
Upper Operating Level: on
Lower Operating Level: 7.3 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #002 - Wolf #2 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: Center, NE 4, SW 4, SE 4, Sec. 29, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4024010/-09323261
First Classified Steam and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 156 sows and litters, 975 gest. sows, 2640 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 3,762,785 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.2 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #003 - Wolf #3 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SW 4, NE 4, Sec. 29, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4024166/-09323434
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040001
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows and litters, 120 boars, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery
pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,244,420 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.1 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #004 - Wolf #4 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SE ¼, SE ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 29, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4024255/-09323149
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040001
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows and litters, 120 boars, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery
pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,244,420 gallons per day.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.1 feet below overflow level.
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Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.

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Outfall #005 - Wolf #6 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NE ¼, SE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 28, T65N, R22W, Mexcer County
Lat/Long: +4024234/-09322384
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows and litters,
                                                                 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,241,865 gallons per
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot k
Lower Operating Level: 7.1 feet b
                                         rf
                                         ∠pla
Land Application: Rates &
                                                       1e nitrogen approach.
Outfall #006 - Wolf #7 - A
                                              indary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NW 4, SE
                                        T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4024111/-09322291
First Classified Stream and 1
                                ⊿ast Fork Medicine Creek (P) 00619
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040004
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows and litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,268,145 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.0 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #007 - Wolf #9 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SE ¼, SW ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 28, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4024215/-09322192
First Classified Stream and ID: Barber Creek (C) 00622
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-020005
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows and litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,244,420 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.1 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #008 - Wolf #13 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NE ¼, SW ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 27, T65N, R22W, Putnam County
Lat/Long: +4024015/-09321171
First Classified Stream and ID: East Fork Medicine Creek (P) 00619
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040004
Design Number of Animals: 11,880 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 2,665,595 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 6.0 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #009 - Wolf #14 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SE ¼, SW ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 30, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4024026/-09324437
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040001
Design Number of Animals: 500 Boars.
Design Waste Volume: 1,270,565 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 5.9 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
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Outfall #010 - Wolf #14B - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NE ¼, SW ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 30, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023572/-09324406
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040001
Design Number of Animals: 500 boars.
Design Waste Volume: 1,392,475 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overf
Lower Operating Level: 5.8 feet bel
Land Application: Rates are based
                                          lai
                                                         nitrogen approach.
Outfall #011 - Badger #1 -
                                                Indary Containment Structure
Legal Description: N 1/2, NE
                                                 R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4022515/-09323189
First Classified Stream and 1
                                    le Medicine Creek (P) 00623
                                   103-040003
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No:
Design Number of Animals: 312 ws and litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,278,365 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.0 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #012 - Badger #3 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: E ½, SW ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 32, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023055/-09323275
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows and litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,258,655 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.1 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #013 - Badger #4 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NE ¼, NW ¼, SW ¼, Sec. 32, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023244/-09324124
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040001
Design Number of Animals: 312 sows & litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,268,145 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.0 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #014 - Badger #5 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NW 4, NE 4, SE 4, Sec. 32, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023252/-09323260
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 312 Sows & litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,241,865 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.3 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
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Outfall #015 - Badger #6 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SE ¼, NE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 32, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023407/-09323483
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 156 Sows & litters, 975 g
                                                              2640 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 3,731,030 gallons per year
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below ow
                                            OW
Lower Operating Level: 7.5 feet below ov
                                                     able ni rogen approach.
Land Application: Rates are bas
                                      he
Outfall #016 - Badger #5
                                                      Containment Structure
                                      <u>ago</u>
Legal Description: E 1/2)
                                             T6 R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023422/-093\lambda
                                       Medicine Creek (P) 00623
First Classified Stream
                                    03-040003
USGS Basin & Sub-watershe
                                 D28.
Design Number of Animals:
                               ws & litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,278,05 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.0 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #017 - Badger #8 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SW ¼, NE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 33, T65N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4023478/-09322256
First Classified Stream and ID: East Fork Medicine Creek (P) 00619
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040004
Design Number of Animals: 312 Sows & litters, 1950 gest. sows, 5280 nursery pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 6,278,365 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.0 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #018 - Brantley Sow - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SW 4, NE 4, NE 4, Sec. 7, T64N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4021507/-09324268
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 156 Sows & litters, 944 gest. sows, 60 boars, 2640 nursery
pigs.
Design Waste Volume: 3,764,245 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.3 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
Outfall #019 - Brantley Finishing - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NW 4, NE 4, NE 4, Sec. 7, T64N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4021566/-09324337
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003
Design Number of Animals: 4416 finishing hogs.
Design Waste Volume: 4,646,085 gallons per year.
Design Storage: 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 6.6 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
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Outfall #020 - Deleted - Domestic Wastewater hauled to Peach Perkins.

### Outfall #021 - Fresh Water Lake Monitoring

This is a privately owned lake located on permittee property that is used as a water source for livestock. The sample location is within the lake at a lake surface location near the discharge structure.  $\wedge$ 

Legal Description: SW 4, SE 4, SW 4, Sec. 27, T65N, R22V \ \ nam County.

Lat/Long: +4023536/-09321438

First Classified Stream and ID: East Fork Medici Con 100619

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No:10280103-040004

Lake discharge is to Unnamed Tributary to ten

Outfall #022 - Fresh Water Lake

This is a privately owned live to no le to operty that is used as a water source for livestock. The lake at a lake surface location

ind

near the discharge struc

Lat/Long: +4023138/-093235

First Classified Steam and \ ttle Medicine Creek (P) 00623

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed N 10280103-040003

Lake discharge is to Unnamed Tributary to Little Medicine Creek.

### Outfall #023 - Fresh Water Lake Monitoring

This is a privately owned lake located on permittee property that is used as a water source for livestock. The sample location is within the lake at a lake surface location near the discharge structure.

Legal Description: NW 4, NW 4, SE 4, Sec. 31, T65N, R22W, Mercer County.

Lat/Long: +4023179/-09324466

First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040001

Lake discharge is to Unnamed Tributary to Little Medicine Creek.

# Outfall #024 - Fresh Water Lake Monitoring

This is a privately owned lake located on permittee property that is used as a water source for livestock. The sample location is within the lake at a lake surface location near the discharge structure.

Legal Description: SW 4, SE 4, NE 4, Sec. 7, T64N, R22W, Mercer County.

Lat/Long: +4021431/-09324358

First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003

Lake discharge is to Unnamed Tributary to Little Medicine Creek.

### Outfall #025 - Stream Monitoring

Legal Description: NE 4, SW 4, Sec. 28, T64N, R22W, Mercer County.

Lat/Long: +4019025/-09322533

First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003

Little Medicine Creek at Highway E.

#### Outfall #026 - Stream Monitoring

Legal Description: NE 14, SW 14, Sec. 35, T65N, R22W, Putnam County.

Lat/Long: +4023229/-09319514

First Classified Stream and ID: Barber Creek (C) 00622

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-020005

Barber Creek at Highway 139.

38)

๗, Mercer County

#### **FACILITY DESCRIPTION:** (continued)

Outfall #027 - Storm Water Monitoring (Previous Outfall # 047)
Legal Description: NW ¼, NE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 8, T64N, R22W, Mercer County
Lat/Long: +4022052/-9323541
First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicine Creek (P) 00623
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003

Unnamed Tributary to Little Medicine Creek at property line.

Outfall #028 - Storm Water Monitoring (Previous Outfall # Legal Description: NE ¼, NE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 4, T64N, R22W Lat/Long: +4022584/-9322354

First Classified Stream and ID: Little Medicin ree USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280103-040003

Unnamed Tributary to Little Medicine Cont | h ty he.

Outfall #029 - Storm Water Mon-Legal Description: SW 4, NE Lat/Long: +4025290/-9324015

First Classified Stream and ID  $\downarrow$  it  $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$  Creek (P) 00623

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: \ 80 \ \beta-0.001

Unnamed Tributary to Little Medi\ reek at property line.

				PAGE NUMBER	8 of 25	
A. EFFLUENT LIMITAT	IONS AND M	IONITORING REQUIREMENTS		PERMIT NUMBE	R MO-0118745	
		MONITORING R				
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	REQUIREMENTS		ASUREMENT REQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE	
Outfalls #001 - #019 - Emergency Discharge Monitoring						
Flow	MGD	No discharge of process	onc	e/day	24 hr.	
		waste except during emergency conditions.	dur	ing dischar	_	
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	Comply with Water Qual	) (ir	e/day ing dischar	grab ge	
Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L	See Special (tid		e/day ng dischar	grab ge	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub>	mg/L	Numbers 2,		day ing dischar	grab ge	
pH - Units	SU			e/day charge	grab	
Chloride	mg/L \			e/day charge	grab	
Temperature	°C			e/day ing dischar	grab ge	
<u>Outfalls #001 - #019</u> - Nu	trient Moni	toring For Land Application				
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N	mg/L	See Special Condition Numbers 4, 8 & 10.	4/y	ear	composite	
Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L	Sample liquids 4 times/year between March 1 and	4/y	ear	composite	
Total Phosphorus as P	mg/L	November 30 and 1/year for nitrate.	4/y	ear	composite	
Nitrate + Nitrite as N	mg/L	Sample solids or sludges	1/y	ear	composite	
Solids (Sludge Only)	96	1/month during land application periods.	par + n slu	ple sludges ameters exc itrite for dge land app urs.	ept nitrate each month	
Outfalls #001 - #019 - La	nd Applicat	tion Operational Monitoring				
Lagoon or Storage Structure Freeboard	feet	See Special Condition	onc	e/month 1	measured	
Land Application	hours	Numbers 5, 10 and 17 through 25.	dai	ly	total	
Amount Land Applied	gallons or cubic feet		dai	ly	total	
Application Area	acres		dai	ly	total	
Application Rate	inches/ acre		dai	ly	total	
Rainfall	inches		dai	ly	total	
		UARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE			. THERE SHALL	

**B. STANDARD CONDITIONS** 

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED  $\underline{\texttt{Part}}$  STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED  $\underline{\texttt{October}}$  1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

			PAGE NUMBER 9 o	f 25
A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS A	AND MONI	TORING REQUIREMENTS	PERMIT NUMBER M	O-0118745
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	MONITORING RE	QUIREMENTS  MEASUREMENT  FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfalls #021, #022, #023 & #02	24 - Fresl	n Water Lake Monitoring	•	
Flow	MGD	Monitoring requirement only.		24 hr. estimate
pH - Units	SU	Report flow for the from the lab	March, May July, Sept.	grab
Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L	Colleg te a wat	November	grab
Nitrate + Nitrite as N	mg/L	mple mon from hin ha ka ta		grab
Total Phosphorus as P		the discharge months of		grab
Temperature \	$\bigcup \bigcup \bigcup$	July, September d		grab
Total Suspended Solids	(a)	See Special Condition Number 8 & 10.		grab
Outfalls #027, #028 & #029 - S	torm Wate	r Runoff Monitoring	<u> </u>	
pH - Units	SU	See Special Condition Numbers 1, 2,6, 8 & 10.	4/year	grab
Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L		4/year	grab
Nitrate + nitrite as N	mg/L	Sample 4 times per year at two or three month	4/year	grab
Total Phosphorus as P	mg/L	intervals between March 1 and November 30.	4/year	grab
Chloride	mg/L		4/year	grab
Temperature	°C		4/year	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMI		   ERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE   VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE A		THERE

# **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Part I STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

	PAGE NUMBER 10 of 25			
A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		PERMIT NUMBER MO-0118745		
		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT			MEASUREMENT	SAMPLE
PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	REQUIREMENTS	FREQUENCY	TYPE
Outfalls #025 & 026 - Stream M	Onitoring			
Flow	MGD	Samples shall be collected during the same week on a pre-determined	1/month	24 hr. estimate
pH - Units	SU	sampling date on a monthly basis so	1/month	grab
Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L	dates are up	1/month	grab
Nitrate + Nitrite as N	mg/L	comple II only	1/month	grab
Total Phosphorus as P	mg/I	we lec to pm pwing r. s pm	1/month	grab
Temperature		les lect a sample	1/month	grab
Total Suspended Solids	/ /tay //	on is that do not ge water flowing into	1/month	grab
Dissolved Oxygen		or out of the pool.	April through November betw	-
		See Special Condition	1 hour before	
		Number 8 & 10.	hours after s	unrise

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE \_\_\_\_\_\_. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

# **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

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#### PAGE NUMBER 11 of 25 A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS PERMIT NUMBER MO-0118745 MONITORING REQUIREMENTS **REQUIREMENTS** MEASUREMENT SAMPLE **OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT FREQUENCY UNITS TYPE** PARAMETER(S) All Application Fields - Storm Water Monitoring within 24 hours after land application See requirements Ammonia Nitrogen as N mg/L See sample grab below. collection See Special Condition Nitrate + Nitrite as N mg/L frequency grab Numbers 1, 2, 8 & 10 \irements Chloride mg/L ∦ in grab agraph d & e. Total Phosphorus as P mg/L grab $^{\circ}$ C Temperature grab SU pH - Units grab Date of Runoff Field Number Crop Application Equipment Application Rate

- a. This is a monitoring only requirement.
- b. This monitoring procedure will be used to evaluate the rainfall runoff from fields that have received rainfall within 24 hours after land application of process waste.
- c. Samples shall be collected from one location that has rainfall runoff at the field boundary. If no flow at field boundary, sample shall be collected at the closest downgradient location where the flow will allow sample collection.
- d. Samples shall be collected within the first sixty (60) minutes after the start of the runoff, or as soon as possible. Sampling is only required to be conducted during daylight hours. Permittee will address specific sampling procedures in Operations and Maintenance Manual.
- e. One sample shall be collected from each field (maximum of two fields per rain fall event) that has rainfall runoff within 24 hours of land application for the first six (6) rainfall events during each of the following time periods: (March, April, May) (June, July, August) (September, October, November).
- f. One control sample shall be collected per quarter from a location that has not received rainfall within 24 hours after land application of process waste. The control sample may be collected (1) during the same rainfall event from a field with the same crop or (2) from the location where the 24-hour sample was collected but during a subsequent rainfall event that has not occurred within 24 hours after land application of process waste.

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PARAMETER(S)  UNITS  REQUIREMENTS  FREQUENCY  TO All Outfalls and Land Application Fields  of the State  Flow  MGD  No discharge of process waste. Water Quality Standards do not have to be exceeded to determ process waste being during discharge discharged.  An unauthorized Discharge es once/day during discharge discharged.  An unauthorized Discharge es once/day during discharge discharged.  An unauthorized Discharge of process waste. Water Quality Standards do not have to be exceeded to determ process waste being during discharge discharged.  An unauthorized Discharge once/day during	f 25
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)  INITS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENT  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENT  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENT  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENT  REQUIREMENTS	-0118745
Ammonia Nitrogen as N  Temperature  Biochemical Oxygen Demands  Total Suspended Solids  INITS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  FREQUENCY  Total Suspended Solids  INITS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  REQUIREMENTS  FREQUENCY  Total Suspended Solids  INITS  REQUIREMENTS  FREQUENCY  Total Suspended Solids  No discharge of process once/day during discharge essential state of the state of	
All Outfalls and Land Application Fields - Monitoring of Unauthorized Discharges to Woof the State  Flow MGD No discharge of process waste. Water Quality Standards do not have to be exceeded to determ process waste being during discharge discharged.  Ammonia Nitrogen as N mg/L An unauthorized Discharge once/day during discharge once/day	MPLE
Flow  MGD  No discharge of process waste. Water Quality Standards do not have to be exceeded to determ process waste being during discharge discharged.  Ammonia Nitrogen as N  mg/L  An unauth ized discharge  Temperature  Biochemical Oxygen Demand5  Total Suspended Solids  MGD  No discharge of process once/day during discharge es  Value of the State  Once/day during discharge es  Once/day during discharge  Once/day	YPE
Flow  MGD  No discharge of process waste. Water Quality Standards do not have to be exceeded to determ process waste being during discharge discharged.  Ammonia Nitrogen as N  mg/L  An unauth ized discharge once/day during discharge once/day during discharge once/day during discharge  Temperature  Biochemical Oxygen Demands  mg/L  mg/L  mg/L  mg/L  nonce/day during discharge once/day once/day once/day once/day once/day	<b>Vaters</b>
Dissolved Oxygen  mg/L	
Dissolved Oxygen  mg/L  be exceeded to determ oce/day during discharge discharged.  An unauth ized discharge  ph - Units  SU  Temperature  Biochemical Oxygen Demands  mg/L  Total Suspended Solids  mg/L  Standards do not have to be exceeded to determ oce/day during discharge  process waste bei during discharge  ce/day  ce/day  during discharge  once/day  during discharge  once/day  during discharge  once/day  once/day  once/day	24 hr.
Dissolved Oxygen  mg/L  be exceeded to determ cc/day during discharge discharged.  An unauth ized discharge  pH - Units  SU  Temperature  Biochemical Oxygen Demand5  mg/L  be exceeded to determ cc/day during discharge conce/day during discharge once/day once/day	timate
Ammonia Nitrogen as N  mg/L  An unauth ized discharge  pH - Units  SU  Temperature  Discharge  once/day during discharge  once/day  once/day  once/day  once/day  once/day  once/day	grab
Ammonia Nitrogen as N  mg/L  An unauth ized discharge ving discharge once/day during discharge  Temperature  Biochemical Oxygen Demands  mg/L  An unauth ized discharge once/day during discharge once/day during discharge once/day during discharge once/day during discharge once/day	
pH - Units  SU  e ci  for day during discharge  once/day  once/day  once/day  once/day	grab
Temperature  SU  C  C  A  Temperature  Discharge  Once/day during discharge  once/day once/day during discharge	
Temperature  Once/day during discharge  once/day during discharge  once/day during discharge  Total Suspended Solids  mg/L  once/day  once/day	grab
Biochemical Oxygen Demand $_5$	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub> m  once/day during discharge  Total Suspended Solids  mg/L  once/day	grab
during discharge  Total Suspended Solids mg/L once/day	
Total Suspended Solids mg/L once/day	grab
direction of a change	grab
during discharge	
	grab
during discharge	
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE THE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.	RE

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Part I STANDARD

CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

**B. STANDARD CONDITIONS** 

				PAGE NUMBER 13	of 25	
A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS	AND MONI	TORING RE	QUIREMENTS	PERMIT NUMBER I	MO-0118745	
		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS				
OUTFALL NUMBER AND		DISCHARGE		MEASUREMENT	SAMPLE	
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	MAXIMUM	REQUIREMENTS	FREQUENCY	TYPE	
Outfalls #001- #019 - Secondary Containment Monitoring						
Process waste in excess of 1000 gallons that enters secondary containment	Gallons		See Requirements below.  See Special Condition 1, 2, 26.	Each incident		
Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L	2.5		each release	grab	
a. There shall be no discharge of process the procedure listed below shall be up the procedure listed below shall be up the process wastewater in the						

- a. There shall be no discharge of process the procedure listed below shall be up the containment structure and the containment structures. The end ere is no process wastewater in the cased. Gallons of process waste removed from secondary containment shall be recorded and reported to the department of the water quality stand of the water quality stand of the structures. The end ere is no process wastewater in the cased. Gallons of process waste removed from secondary containment shall be recorded and containment shall not cause a violation of the water quality stand of the structures.
- b. Any wastewater spills or led to the lagoon or directly land apply the hat here is no discharge of process waste.

  Before release of water from tainment structures the water shall be tested for ammonia. Storm water may be released for the containment structure when the ammonia-N content is less than 2.5 mg/L. Storm water that exceeds these limits shall be pumped into the lagoon or land applied so that there is no runoff.
- c. In field testing for ammonia nitrogen using colorimetric testing or other approved testing methods may be used for sampling of containment structures.
- d. Testing and release procedures will be described in the Operation & Maintenance Manual.
- e. Testing results on water released from the containment structures shall be submitted Quarterly.
- f. Storm water runoff that does not come in contact with wastewater leaks, spills or over application of land applied wastes is not considered process wastewater under 10 CSR 20-6.300.

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A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS  PAGE NUMBER 14 of 25  PERMIT NUMBER MO-0118745						
		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS				
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	REQUIREMENTS	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE		
All Land Application Fields - Soil Monitoring						
Nitrate nitrogen as N	mg/kg		1/year In Spring prior t Planting Season	Composite o		
Soil pH	SU		1/3 Years	Composite		
Per Cent Organic Matter	00	See Special Condition Numbers	1/3 Years	Composite		
Cation Exchange Capacity	SU	7, 10 and 22	√3 Years	Composite		
Potassium as K	mg/kg		Years	Composite		
Available Phosphorus as P (Bray P-1 test method)	mg/ka		1 Years	Composite		
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUB- SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOA	P) W	RLE THER TH	IS DUE IAN TRACE AMOUNTS.	THERE		
B. STANDARD CONDITIONS	$\bigcap\bigcap$					
IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITION STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED Octob HEREIN.		ZIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJ AND HEREBY INCORPORA				

# C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

### 1. Water Quality Standards

a. Operation of this facility shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031.

# b. <u>General Criteria</u>

The following water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:

- (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation or putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
- (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
- (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
- (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal, or aquatic life;
- (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
- (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
- (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
- (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri=s Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such material is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.

# 2. No-Discharge Requirement: No Discharge except during emergency conditions

- a. The permittee shall land apply wastewater on suitable days as needed to keep the storage structure within design operating levels. The storage shall be maintained as near to the lower operating level (maximum storage capacity) as practicable so as to provide capacity for process wastewater flows plus the 1-in-10-year chronic rainfall and the 25-year, 24-hour rainfall based on the design storage period listed in the facility description. There shall be no-discharge of process waste during dry weather conditions when soils are suitable for irrigation. If wastewater has been properly land applied on suitable days during the last 12 months, emergency discharge is allowed by overflow through the emergency spillway of the storage structure due to storm events exceeding the chronic or catastrophic storm events for the design storage period, but discharge shall cease as soon as land application is feasible. Process waste discharge is not allowed by pumping, siphoning, cutting of berms, irrigation runoff, or any other method, except as authorized herein. Permittee shall make every reasonable effort to cease discharge as soon as soil conditions are suitable for irrigation.
- b. Definition: Process Waste Process waste as defined in 10 CSR 20-6.300 includes manure, wastewater and any precipitation which comes into contact with any mother raw material or intermediate or final material or final m litter or bedding or any product used in the production of animals or direct products. s spillage or overflow from fľusk y of pens, barns, manure pits animal watering systems; washing, cleani or other associated animal operation na pr s  $\forall$  cooling of animals; dust wal control; storm water runoff from an ent as and loading and unloading borne d from building ventilation tes from land application fields that (borne d areas; storm water runoff fr depd systems or spillage of fe nu |d . occur during land applica (n;)runoff from land application fields ∠en, red or saturated soil conditions or if wastes are app if application rat nitrogen utilization of the vegetation grown.
- 3. Monitoring of Emergend \identiformular ar\identiformore Unauthorized Discharge
  - a. Any emergency wast discharge or unauthorized discharge of process wastewater that occasional shall be monitored once/day for flow, ammonia nitrogen as N, dissolved oxygen, BOD, Chloride, pH and temperature. Unauthorized discharges shall also be monitored for total suspended solids.
  - b. Samples shall be collected of the discharge at the down gradient property boundary. Samples shall also be collected from the receiving waters above and below the discharge point. If the receiving drainage is dry above the discharge point, report as no stream flow above the discharge point.
  - c. Records shall be maintained for time, date, location, and duration of the discharge and an estimate of the discharge volume.
  - d. Notify the department as soon as possible and no later than within 24 hours of any discharge that occurs and submit monitoring results within 30 days.
- Nutrient Monitoring for Land Application (Outfalls #001-019 See Section A Page 9) Wastewater from each lagoon shall be sampled and tested at least 4 times/year at regular intervals between March 1 and November 30. Samples shall be tested for Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN) as N, ammonia nitrogen as N, and total phosphorus as P. Samples shall also be tested at least once/year for nitrate + nitrite nitrogen from each lagoon. Each sample shall be a composite sample consisting of at least seven (7) grab samples. Samples should be collected from the lagoon, irrigation pump or wet well, irrigation equipment, recycle pump, or flush tank. The samples shall be taken so as to represent variations in wastewater concentrations within the lagoon Lower and Upper pump down levels. Samples collected directly from the lagoon shall be taken from two to five feet below the lagoon water surface, at least fifteen feet from the waters edge and at least seven different locations spaced about equally around the perimeter of the lagoon. If the lagoon will be agitated before pumping, the samples must be taken during agitation. When sampling at the recycle pump, the seven grab samples shall be taken at two - three minute intervals or longer. For sampling flush tanks, one or more grab samples shall be taken from each tank.

9 See Section A Page 10)

# C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- 4. <u>Nutrient Monitoring for Land Application</u> (continued)

  b. Solids or sludges shall be sampled and tested separately. At least one composite sample shall be collected for each month when land application occurs. Each composite sample shall consist of at least 20 grab samples. Solids and sludges shall be tested for total Kjeldahl nitrogen as N, ammonia nitrogen as N, total phosphorus as P, and per cent solids.
- 5. Land Application Operational Monitoring (Outfalls #001-019 See Section A Page 9)
  - The inches of precipitation received at the production site shall be recorded daily and shall be reported quarterly for daily amounts, monthly totals, and cumulative total.
    - Daily records shall be kept on file by each field for land application b. locations, volumes, acres, inches/acre, time of applications, and which lagoon was being pumped. These shall be summarized in the quarterly and annual reports. Daily totals shall be kept on file by permittee and cumulative amounts submitted quarterly and in the annual report.
    - Monthly measurements shall be made of the water level in each lagoon and shall be recorded as feet below the emergency overflow elevation. Report quarterly.
    - Nitrogen application rates, crop yields, crop nitrogen requirements, and other operational monitoring shall be recorded for each fi and reported in the annual report.
    - A map consisting of the land application fig be kept at the production site. At the end of each day that land an gurs, the map shall be ation completed in a manner that indicates tha telds that have received ∖e al process waste.

# Storm Water Runoff Monitoring

- Samples required in \*\* ۲rg sh cted at the storm water monitoring locatio λís permit.
- Storm water runoff times/year for ammonia nitrogen as N, b. phosphorus as P, chloride, pH, and nitrate + nitrite ni temperature.
- Samples shall be colle uring storm water runoff events that occur after rainfalls of at least \ inch within a 24-hour period. Collect the sample as soon as practicable after the beginning of storm water runoff.
- If there are no runoff events during a monitoring period, report as no discharge of storm water.

# Soil Monitoring

- Composite soil samples shall be collected from fields where land application will occur within the next 12 months.
- Nitrate nitrogen as N shall be tested once per year. Soil samples may be collected for the top 0-6 or 0-12 inches or more.
- Soil pH, percent organic matter, cation exchange capacity, potassium as K, and available phosphorus as P (Bray P-1 test method) shall be sampled prior to land application and once every three (3) years thereafter, unless no additional land application has occurred at the site.
- Soil sampling shall be in accordance with University of Missouri (MU) d. publication G9110, "Sampling Your Soil For Testing" or other methods approved by the department.
- Soil testing methods shall be in accordance with North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Bulletin 499-Revised, "Recommended Chemical Soil Test Procedures for the North Central Region" or other test methods approved by the department.
- The annual report shall include a summary of the soil test results for each field.

# Sample Collection, Preservation and Testing Methods

In field testing methods or other approved methods may be used for secondary containment monitoring. Other testing shall be in accordance with the most current version of Standard Methods for the Examination of Waters and Wastewaters or other approved methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(A).

# 9. Required Notification of Releases

- a. Any wastewater discharge into waters of the state shall be reported to the Department as soon as possible and no later than 24 hours after the start of the discharge.
- b. Spills or leaks that are contained on the property shall also be reported to the Department within 24 hours, if the spill or leak exceeds 1,000 gallons per day. This includes leaks from sewer lines, recycle lines, flushing systems, lagoons or irrigation systems.

#### 10. Annual Report

An annual report is required in addition to the quarterly reporting under Section A of this permit. The annual report shall be submitted by January 28 of each year for the previous growing season from October 1 through September 30 or an alternate 12 month period approved by the Department and listed in the Operation and Maintenance Manual. This report shall be submitted using report forms approved by the Department and shall include a summary of the monitoring and record keeping required by the Special Conditions and Standard Conditions of this permit.

# 11. Facility Description

- a. This permit authorizes operation of the complete manure management system as described in the permit Facility Description, construction and operating permit applications, and Operation and Maintenance Manualis includes manure and wastewater production, collection, storage, equipment, pipelines, land application equipment, land ap
- o. The system listed in the facility description this training cert cation of completed construction and approval the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction and approval the construction are constructed to the construction are constructed to the construction are constructed to the construction and the construction are constructed to the construction and the construction are constructed to the construction are constructed to the construction are constructed to the construction and the construction are constructed to the construction are

#### 12. Design Parameters

The design parameters 1 per tool guidelines to predict nutrient generation. Any propose in Section prior to the proposed chall.

- a. Design Population Equipment is the human equivalent based on the human average daily pounds of animals at the design capacity listed in the permit application. The average daily pounds of animals multiplied by a standard conversion factor equals the Design (human) Population Equivalent. The conversion factors are: 0.015 swine, 0.014 beef; 0.020 dairy; 0.030 laying hen; 0.040 turkey; and 0.05 poultry broiler.
- b. Design Flow: The design flow is based on the maximum annual flows including storm water flows during the one-in-ten year return frequency for annual or 365 day rainfall minus evaporation. The design flow is based on the time period when the flows are generated at the production site and not when flows are land applied. Portions of the design flow may be stored and carried over into the following year for land application, as necessary. Permittee may exceed the design flow when precipitation in any 365 day period exceeds the one-in-ten year annual precipitation amount.
- c. Animal Units: Animal Units are based on the maximum number and weight classification of animals in the permit application. As an operational guideline, the design number of animal units are calculated by averaging the weekly inventory number on a rolling 12 month average.
- d. Lagoon Levels: As an operational guideline, the lagoon levels should be maintained between the lower and upper operating levels during normal operations. If the upper operating level is exceeded, the facility shall take all reasonable measures to lower the lagoon level as soon as reasonably practicable. Within seven (7) days of the date that a lagoon's level comes within four (4) inches of the upper operating level, the permittee shall mail a report to the department that identifies the lagoon(s), the lagoon level in inches below the emergency spillway and actions taken to reduce the lagoon levels.
- e. <u>Reporting Requirements</u>: The actual operation numbers compared to the permitted design parameters shall be summarized in the annual report.

### 13. Construction Permits

All wastewater systems shall be constructed in accordance with a construction permit except where exempted by state regulations under 10 CSR 20-6.300.

# 14. Emergency Spillways

All lagoons shall have emergency spillways maintained as shown on the approved construction plans or approved as-built specifications.

#### 15. HB1207

Permittee shall maintain compliance with all applicable provisions of state law under 640.725 to 640.735 RSMo, Supp.1996 (HB1207).

#### 16. Reopener Clause

- a. This permit may be reopened and modified or alternatively revoked and reissued, to incorporate new or modified limitations or other conditions pertaining to phosphorus application rates to soils, ground water monitoring requirements if determined necessary by the Department from the results of the ground water monitoring required under the federal consent decree or by any other means or other special conditions as may be necessary to protect waters of the state.
- b. Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan.

  The permit may be modified or reopened to require submittal of a Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan (CNMP) where determined appropriate by the department to meet water quality standards for nutrients. This determination may be based upon ambient water quality monitoring, Section A monitoring requirements and other applicable information.
- This permit may be reopened and modified or cively revoked and reissued to incorporate new or modified effluent required by changes to EPA CAFO regulations, or other conditions i the  $\lambda$ lt of a watershed analyses, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) γita\ ≽ de√ pped for the receiving / s 1 waters which are currently include Μi of waters of the state standar not fully achieving the st wat
- The permittee shall vat no suitable sites located within the overall property boun associated operation property must follow property m
- 18. Separation Distances for Application Sites
  Separation distances (but er zones) shall be maintained between the land application site and other features as follows:

# a. Surface Application.

- 300 feet from any losing stream, open sinkholes, water supply wells, or water supply reservoirs;
- 2. 100 feet from classified gaining streams for Class P and Class C streams listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031); unclassified gaining streams with water, and
- 3. 50 feet from, public roads, public use areas, unclassified gaining streams without water, or property boundaries unless application is by traveling gun. If application is by traveling gun, the set back distance shall be 100 feet.
- 4. Separation distances shall be increased to 150 feet or greater from residences that are not a part of the facility or land application area.

# b. <u>Subsurface Injection</u>.

- 1. 300 feet from any losing stream, open sinkholes, water supply wells, or water supply reservoirs;
- 2. 50 feet from classified gaining streams (Class P and C streams listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031); and
- 3. 25 feet from unclassified gaining streams, public roads, or property boundaries.
- c. Implementation procedures for these limitations shall be detailed in the Operation and Maintenance Manual.

#### 19. Land Application Limitations

- a. Process wastes should be land applied as close as practicable to when plants will utilize nutrients. Fall application for the spring crop season may be used where appropriate, but should not be the primary application period. Land application of process wastes shall be utilized as a nutrient resource.
- b. Process wastes shall not be land applied during frozen, snow covered or saturated soil conditions.

#### 19. Land Application Limitations (continued)

- c. Avoid application when there is a local, applicable weather forecast or observation by permittee of an imminent or impending storm event. Land application shall cease as soon as practicable upon occurrence of any precipitation.
- d. Land application equipment shall be operated in such a manner that wastes do not reach an adjoining property line, public use area or into waters of the state. Rigorous inspection procedures shall be implemented and documented for insuring that no visual spray drifts across public roads or property boundaries or into waters of the state. If the employee detects wind blown mist within 100 feet of an adjoining property line or public use area or waters of the state the application equipment shall be either moved farther away or shut down.
- e. Land application shall cease as soon as practicable upon occurrence of winds that cause spray drift across property boundaries, into public use areas, or into waters of the state.
- f. All application sites shall use soil conservation practices that meet Soil Conservation Standards of the USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).
- g. Spray irrigation systems (travelling guns, center pivot, fixed spray nozzles, etc) shall have automatic shut-off devices at the pump in the case of pressure loss.
- h. Aboveground irrigation pipelines and equipment shall be checked at least once per hour to insure wastewater is contained within the system. The perimeter of the application fields shall be monitored continuously hsure that applied wastewater does not run off the fields where and in use shall be checked Sections of underground irrigation lines not in use shall be checked rtup each day to verify no pressure is in the lines not being used. Underground I ih r pr urized shall be checked immediately after start up and twice da eafte to insure wastewater is contained within the system
- i. Land application rate shall cult education equipment each day of crain pressure, nozzle start up of spray irrigation continuous pressure, nozzle start up of spray
- j. Permittee shall maint application based on so isture records, checkbook methods or other methods approved by the department. Suitable days will include soil moisture capacity of less than 75% saturation capacity or other days when application can be performed without creating puddles of wastewater on the soil surface or runoff of applied wastewater. Suitable days by the checkbook method shall include any series of four days or more when there is no significant rainfall, and net evapotranspiration above rainfall exceeds 1.0 inch. When average daily temperatures are above 45 degrees, the typical evapotranspiration rate is 0.2 0.5 inches per day.
- k. Implementation procedures for these limitations shall be detailed in the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual.

#### 20. Hydraulic Application Rates and Field Slopes

- a. Hydraulic application rates in acre inches/application pass and acre inches/day shall not exceed the soil infiltration capacity and soil moisture holding capacity (saturation capacity) of the soil. In no case shall the application result in the runoff of applied waste during or immediately following application.
- b. Slopes exceeding 20 percent (20%) shall not be used for land application.
- c. For field slopes less than ten percent (0-10%), surface application rates other than tool bar application shall not exceed 0.5 acre inches/application pass and 1.0 acre inch/day depending on soil condition, except for short periods when initial soil moisture is significantly below field capacity in accordance with 10 CSR 20-8.020(15)(F)6. For tool bar application the rate shall not exceed 0.7 acre inches/application pass and 1.0 acre inch/day.
- d. For field slopes between ten and 20 percent (10-20%), surface application rates shall be reduced to ½ the rate for slopes less than 10%. Permittee may land apply wastewater on these field slopes only after submitting a revised O&M Manual for achieving the above application rates and receiving prior approval from the department. Permittee shall maintain a topographic map showing slopes and drainage patterns at the facility. The number of acres approved for various slope conditions are listed in the facility/operation description section of this permit.

# 20. Hydraulic Application Rates and Field Slopes (continued)

e. For subsurface injection, application rates shall be based on soil absorption capacity during land application so that there are no puddles of wastewater on the soil surface. In no case shall the application rate exceed 1.0 inches/day (27,154 gallons/acre). The subsurface application rate and procedures for adjusting the rate to match soil moisture and field slope conditions shall be listed in the approved Operation and Maintenance Manual.

### 21. Land Application Equipment

- a.Subsurface injection should be considered where feasible and practicable to reduce exposure to wash off by storm water runoff and to retain nutrients in the soil for crop requirements. Surface application may be used when practical.
- b. Permittee shall own or have signed contracts with a commercial applicator to have adequate land application equipment readily available with capacity to apply 120% of the annual process wastewater flows (liquids, sludges and solids) within 85 ten hour days over the number of acres required for nutrient utilization.
- c. Implementation procedures for these limitations shall be detailed in the Operation and Maintenance Manual.

# 22. Nutrient Management

- a. Nitrogen. The permittee shall not exceed the plant available nitrogen management approach as listed in this permit.
- b. Phosphorus. Application rates shall not increase soil els above 120 pounds per acre soil test P using Bray P-1 test method. Le NRCS standards and guidelines become available, the permit will be sed replacing the 120 pound limitation with any method under development be the Miss in NRCS under the USDA's, NRCS National Policy, General Mar Ti 0, P 402.06.
- c. The actual application rates for ven based on the approved management of the trial wastewater and soil testing results and crop ire application rates me the application rates me the changes in management principles.

### 23. Plant Available Nitrogen Pr $\delta$

a. The Plant Available Nitr (PAN) method predicts the typical amount of nitrogen that is expected be available to plants based on the median or average values from the reference publications listed herein. Actual nitrogen available to plants during a growing season may be more or less than the predicted values due to climatic variations. Supplemental nitrogen applications during the growing season may be added to correct plant deficiencies. Wastewater, sludge and fertilizer nitrogen applications shall be based upon crop nitrogen requirements based on realistic crop yield goals. The wastewater application rate shall be calculated as follows:

# PAN = CNR - SRN - CFN

WHERE: CFN = Commercial Fertilizer Nitrogen applied in pounds N/acre.

CNR = Crop Nitrogen Requirement in pounds N/acre

PAN = Plant Available Nitrogen in wastewater and sludges

expressed as annual pounds N/acre.

SRN = Soil Residual Nitrogen in pounds N/acre.

b. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) is calculated as follows:

PAN = [Ammonia Nitrogen] x [Availability Factor]

+ [Organic Nitrogen] x [Availability Factor]

+ [Nitrate Nitrogen] x [Availability Factor]

For anaerobic treated wastewater and sludges, the nitrate nitrogen amounts will be negligible and can be ignored.

# 23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure (continued)

c. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) Availability factors for wastewater and sludges are as follows:

Type of	Surface	Immediate Incorporation
Nitrogen	<u>Application</u>	or Subsurface Injection
Organic	0.25 - 0.75*	0.25 - 0.75*
Ammonia	0.6**	0.9**
Nitrate	0.9**	0.9**

\* Organic Nitrogen = [Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N] - [Ammonia as N].

Availability Factors based on time after application and waste type are:

Type of Manure by Animal Type and Waste Storage Method	Availabil Year <u>1</u>	ity Fac Year 2	ctor by Year 3	Time Period Cumulative Year 3+
Anaerobic Lagoons (all animals/poultry) Liquid storage basins (except poultry) Poultry - storage basins and dry litter	0.35	18	0.09 0.09 0.05	0.62 0.62 0.75
Manure solids - beef, dairy, swine without bedding with bedding	25	8	0.09	0.62 0.45
manure is applied in \ns\ t\\y\.		d 3 must cive fac	applica be add ctor is	tion two ded when used when

\*\* Average inorganic nitral availability based on the typical soil and climate conditions when considering additions due to precipitation, dry deposition, and foliar absorption versus losses due to volatilization and denitrification (10% denitrification loss is included). Permittee may choose to use this average value for all fields or may adjust the N availability based on site specific soil conditions using the table below. The approved factors for each field will be included in the O&M Manual.

Manure N denitrification estimates by Soil Drainage Classification								
Soil Organic Matter %	Excessively well drained	Well drained	Moderately well drained	Somewhat poorly drained	Poorly drained			
% of inorganic N (manure., precip.) available								
< 2	92-96	82-94	72-92	60-88	40-80			
2-5	82-94	68-92	60-88	50-80	10-70			
> 5	76-92	60-88	50-80	30-70	0-50			

Use the median values within each range. If other than median values are proposed, provide documentation by NRCS, professional agronomist, or certified nutrient management specialist. Adapted from USDA-NRCS, National Engineering Handbook, Part 651(AWMFH), Table 11-8.

# 23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure (continued)

- d. Soil Residual Nitrogen (SRN).
  - For Annual Crops, the nitrogen availability from soil organic matter must be included based on soil CEC and crop season as follows:

SRN in pounds N/acre\* = [percent organic mater] x Soil Availability Factor

Soil Availability Factor

by Soil CEC Ranges and Organic Matter						
Growing	Organic	CEC	CEC	CEC		
Season	Matter	< 10	10-18	>18		
Summer	1%	40*	20	10		
Winter	1%	20*	10	5		

**\*Note:** If CEC is less than 10 and organic matter is 1.5% or greater, the total SRN is constant at 60 pounds nitrogen for summer and 30 pounds for winter.

2. For Perennial Crops the SRN is considered zero (0) or purposes of these calculations because the SRN has already been dered in the crop fertilization recommendations in the reference of the purposes of these calculations.

e. Conversion Factors for laboratory testing relation [mg/L or mg/kg or ppm] x [conversion to to poun per Unit Volume]

Unit Volume

lbs/acre inch
lbs/1,000
lbs/100 cl
lbs/ton (w wt)

Unit Volume

1062

1062

- f. Crop nitrogen requirem s all based on University of Missouri publication, Soil Test Interpretation Recommendations Handbook, as revised or one of the other reference publications may be used only upon prior approval by the department and shall be listed in the approved Operation and Maintenance Manual.
- g. If a crop is not harvested, the PAN rate shall not exceed 40 lbs/acre/year and grass vegetation must be maintained on the site.
- h. PAN calculations for land used for grazing cattle shall include both manure additions by cattle and crop nitrogen consumed by the cattle based on actual cow days per acre/year. This permit does not authorize grazing of cattle where prohibited by state statute under Chapter 350 RSMo.
- i. PAN calculations, application amounts, crop yields and crop removal rates shall be listed in the annual report.
- j. Alternate nitrogen availability factors may be considered based upon sitespecific conditions for each field and submittal of scientific justification. Alternate factors will be reviewed and approved by the department as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual.
- k. Supplemental nitrogen may be added to row crops when determined necessary for proper plant growth based on testing of plant vegetation or soil nitrate testing during the growing season. Procedures will be reviewed and approved by the department as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual.

# 23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure (continued)

- 1. Primary reference publications used herein are:
  - 1. Livestock Waste Facilities Handbook, Midwest Plan Service, MWPS-18, April 1993.
  - 2. National Engineering Handbook, Part 651, Agricultural Waste Management Field Book, USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), April 1992 and current supplements.
  - 3. Managing Nitrogen for Groundwater Quality and Farm Profitability, Soil Science Society of America, Inc., 1991.
  - Soil Test Interpretations and Recommendations Handbook, University of Missouri, Department of Agronomy, December, 1992.
  - 5. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure, Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Water Pollution Control Program, April, 1998.

#### 24. Operation and Maintenance Manual

The permittee shall develop, maintain and implement an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual that includes all necessary items to ensure the operation and integrity of the waste handling and land application systems. Copies of the O&M Manual and subsequent revisions shall be submitted to the departments Water Pollution Control Program and Regional Office for review and approval. The O&M Manual thall include, but is not limited to, the following:

- a. Detailed maps of the property showing all la tion fields including the identification numbers for each field. ΤŃ also indicate separation sha and shall indicate areas distances from streams, ponds, well? and ţy 11 of 0-10% slope, 10-20% slope, and over  $\frac{10-20}{20}$ **V**98 Ind ate areas that are not also in de the location of all suitable for land application he buildings, pump stations, tructures, irrigation pipelines, C irrigation riser com  $\epsilon$  outlets, composting areas, dead /rgr animal storage or wastewater treatment systems and other waste handling unit so depict all locations of classified aries. The maps shall also indicate the streams, lakes and a location of all outfa
- b. Start up procedures, fupervision during operation, and shutdown procedures of irrigation equipment.
- c. Procedures for providing the separation distances required by this permit and as specified in 10 CSR 20-8.020 (15) (B).
- d. Sample collection, preservation, and testing procedures.
- e. Procedures for determining Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) loading rates.
- f. Record keeping forms for tracking each field and storage structure. This shall include testing results, crops, yields, and application rates for each field.
- g. A procedure for promptly reporting spills or discharges to the permittee plant manager and to the DNR.
- h. A procedure for recording repair work on gravity sewer lines, recycle lines, and irrigation lines to include the reason for the repair work and the material used for the repair.
- i. A program to eliminate debris and blockages of sewer lines and recycle lines and to keep debris out of the lagoons.
- j. A procedure for twice per day visual inspections of the complete waste collection, flushing and recycle system for overflows or other operational problems.
- k. A program for routine, unannounced inspections of land application sites and records to ensure that all directives for land application from the permittee's central office are being followed. Records of the inspections shall be maintained by the permittee and made available to the department upon request.
- 1. A procedure to assure that all appropriate employees are properly trained in operation of the waste systems and are familiar with the O&M Manual.
- m. Procedure for adjusting application periods and rates based on per cent slope, soil infiltration capacity, soil moisture content, and percent of soil saturation capacity. Provide procedure for field verification of slopes on each application setting.

# 24. Operation and Maintenance Manual (continued)

- n. List of number, size, and capacity of waste removal, hauling and land application equipment.
- o. Number of suitable days each year when land application will occur based on historical 1-in-10-year wettest precipitation and capacity of spreading equipment and personnel available.
- p. Procedure to avoid application if there is a weather forecast for significant precipitation within 24 hours.
- q. The O&M manual shall contain an example lease agreement for land application. The permittee shall maintain a current list of leasees with addresses, telephone numbers and field numbers assigned available for department review upon request. Lease agreements shall be maintained for department review upon request. Lease agreements shall be reviewed annually in order to maintain 125% of land required for design flows. If land required for design flows falls below 125%, a plan shall be submitted to the department to decrease flows to match the land available or to implement other acceptable options discussing how to insure compliance with this permit.

The permittee may include additional provisions in the O&M manual that are not required by or considered part of the permit.

# 25. Underground Tile Outlets at Land Application Sites

- a. Any underground tile outlets from field terr bsurface field drainage tiles shall be shown on the site maps for rand a lication sites.
- To prevent potential discharge of way during 1 igation of fields with b. `ęwat\ tee shall either cap, underground tile outlets for terrace (eld \pern ( ring the nlets at the fields for area between the inlets and plug, or otherwise prevent was ring th vate during irrigation, provide 003 (ib) type application equipment or wetted irrigation area fad usè install secondary ∠ctu\ the tile outlets.
- c. The Operation and North Color of these fields to eve of the wastewater during wastewater irrigation or leaching of nitro the book and into the tile drainage system.

# 26. Secondary Containment Stru

- a. There shall be contained structures or earthen dams installed and maintained down gradient of all confinement buildings and sewer lines, gravity outfall lines, recycle pump stations and recycle force mains in order to collect and retain wastewater discharges from spills or pipeline breaks. The containment structure shall be able to collect a minimum volume equal to the maximum pumping capacity of the recycle pump for the wastewater flushing system in any 24-hour period. Collected wastewater shall be pumped into the lagoon or land applied so that there is no discharge.
- b. Containment structures may also be located below underground tile outlets from irrigation sites or other areas not covered under paragraph a above of this special condition. Collected wastewater shall be pumped into a lagoon or land applied so that there is no discharge. Storm water may be released from the containment structure when the ammonia-N content is less than 2.5 mg/L.

# 27. <u>Domestic Wastewater and Domestic Sludges</u> Domestic wastewater is hauled to Peach Perkins.

# 28. Dead Animal Transfer Stations

There shall be no-discharge from dead animal collection areas or holding areas (dumpsters, holding tanks, stockpiles within livestock production buildings, refrigeration units, etc). The collection and holding areas shall be inspected at least once per day. Any liquid drainage or wash water shall be collected and placed into the animal waste lagoon or hauled off-site to a permitted treatment/disposal facility. There shall not be any discharge from the collection or holding areas to the soil surface or subsurface. Dead animals shall be collected and hauled off site for rendering or disposal in accordance with the Dead Animal Disposal Law under Chapter 269 RSMo.

### 29. Waste Characterization

The results of a waste characterization shall be submitted 180 days prior to the expiration date of this permit. The results will be used to determine if modifications for monitoring requirements or limitations are necessary prior to renewal of the permit. The results of a waste characterization shall also be submitted if changes in the operation of the facility will cause a significant increase of contaminants being land applied or contaminants not previously characterized being added to the operation. Similarly operated facilities may complete a waste characterization utilizing representative samples.

